A Die Study of James I Shillings– Second Issue, mm Scallop

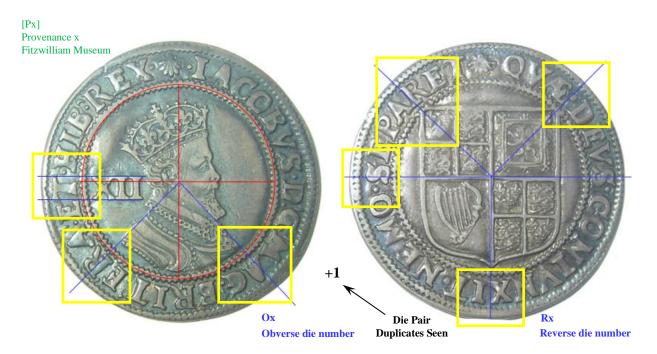
Gary Oddie

Introduction

This note continues the die studies of James I shillings, working backwards through the mintmarks of the second issue. Here the mintmark Scallop is presented – issued between 10th July 1606 and 30th June 1607 when £75 0s 10d of silver was presented at the Trial of the Pyx. During this period of nearly a year a full set of denominations was issued: 5s, 2/6, 1/-, 6d, 2d, 1d and ½d.

Method

The obverse image is scaled to fit a nominal inner circle (red) and the coin is rotated to make the XII horizontal and guidelines drawn above and below the XII (blue) and from the centre of the inner circle past the edges of the bust closest to the inner circle (blue). On the reverse the centre of the shield is used as the origin and guidelines drawn through the top left and top right corners of the shield (blue). The features in the yellow boxes are sufficient to identify the individual dies.



Summary of Results

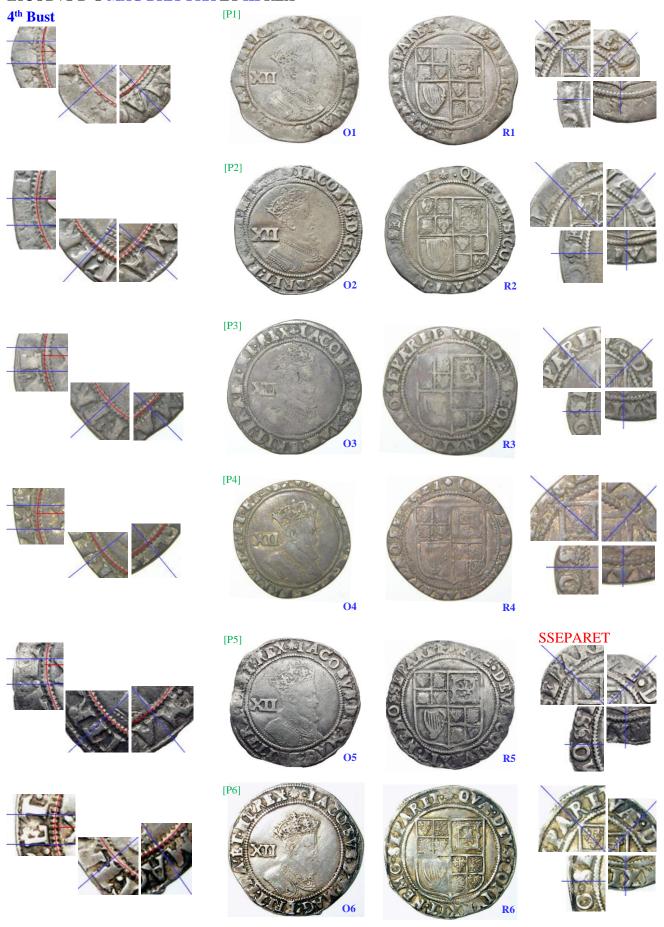
A total of 48 specimens with mm scallop have been found.

The table below lists the legend varieties in the usual alphabetical order, the same order in which the die study is presented.

Type		Obv. Legend	Obv. Dies	Rev. Dies
Issue	Bust	Obv. Etgenu	Obv. Dies	KCV. DICS
2 nd	4 th	IACOBVS D G MAG BRIT FRA ET HI REX	7	7
		IACOBVS D G MAG BRIT FRA ET HIB REX	30	33

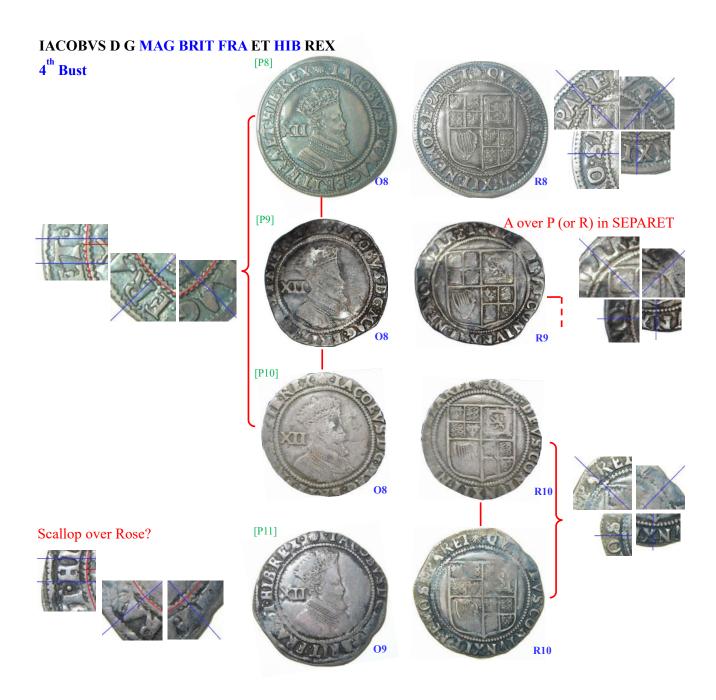
Totals 37 40

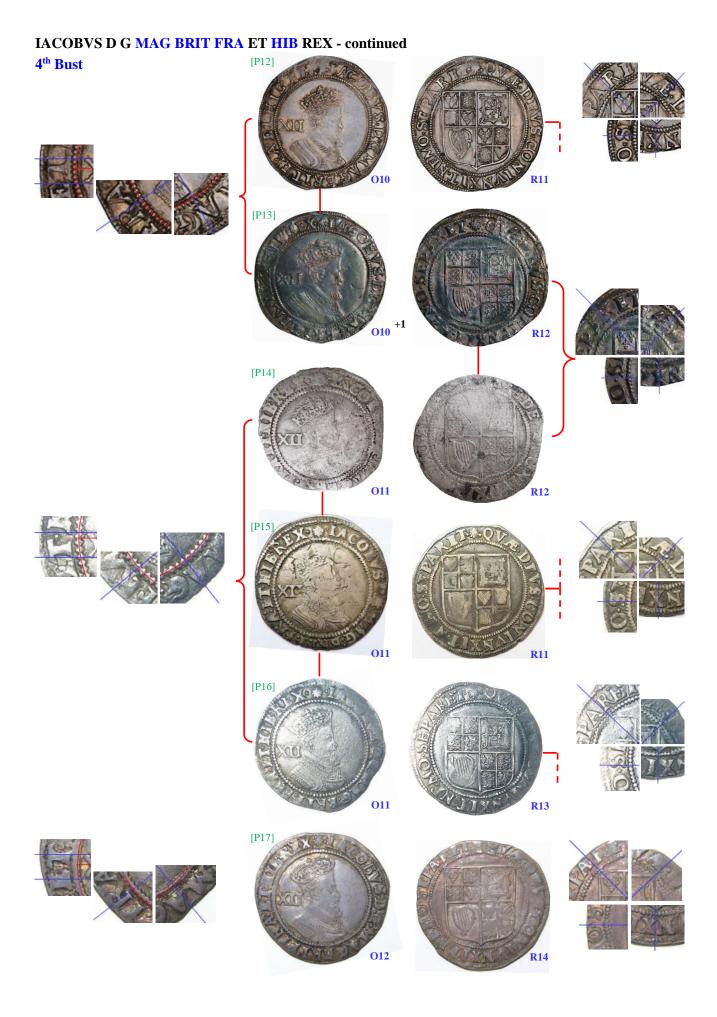
The Die Study IACOBVS D G MAG BRIT FRA ET HI REX



IACOBVS D G MAG BRIT FRA ET HI REX - continued

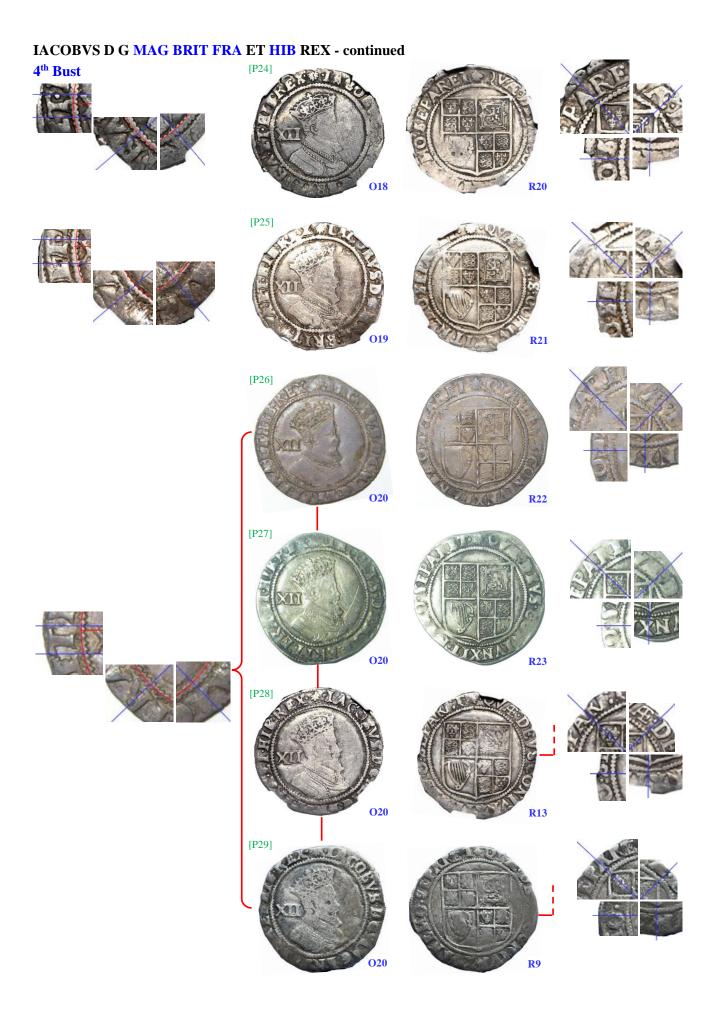




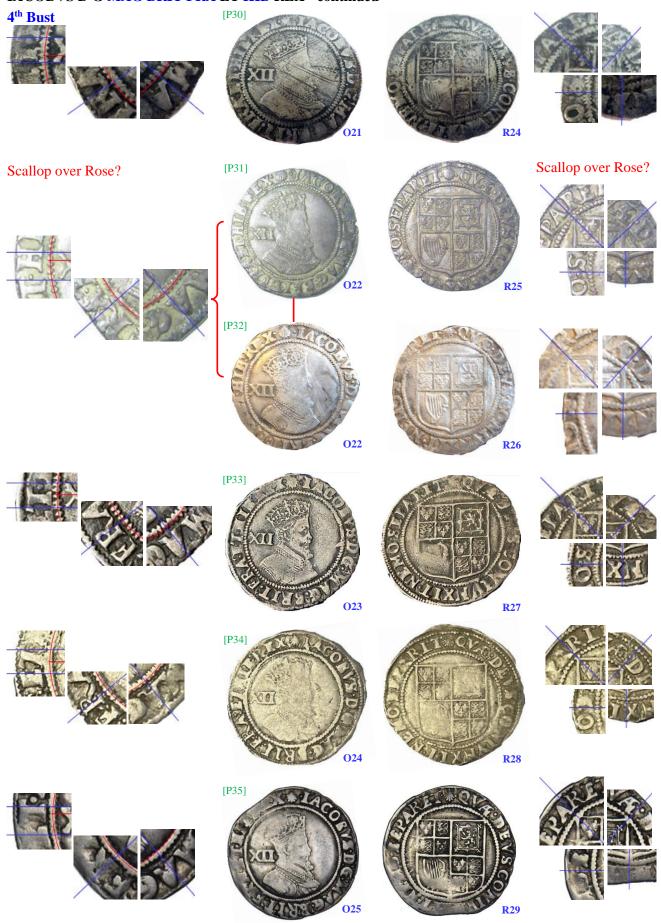


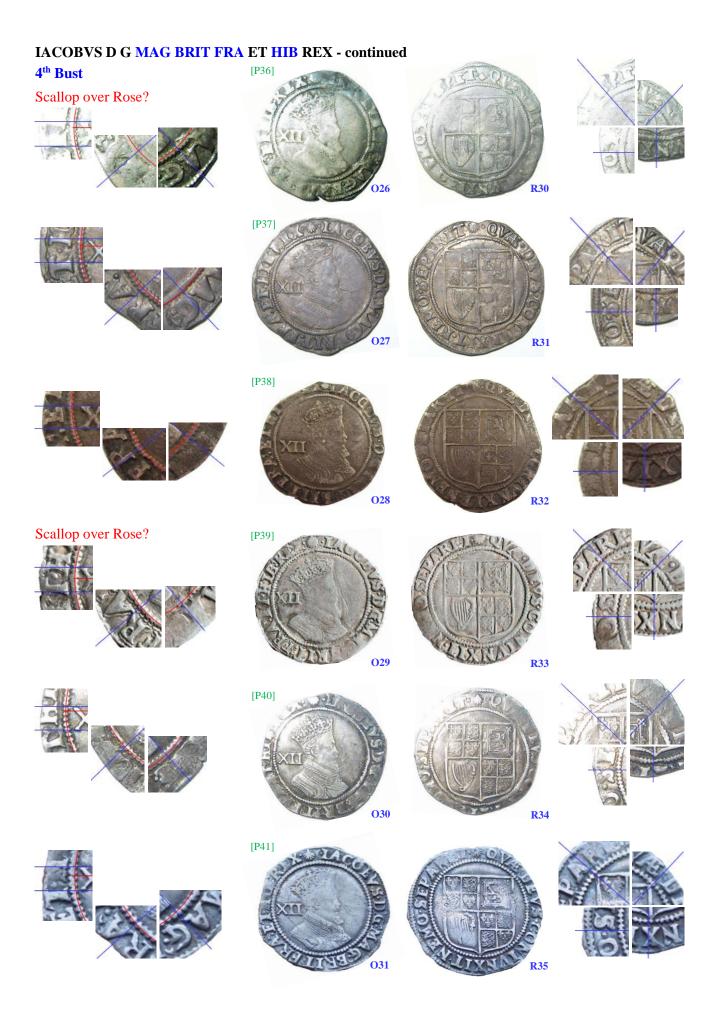
IACOBVS D G MAG BRIT FRA ET HIB REX - continued

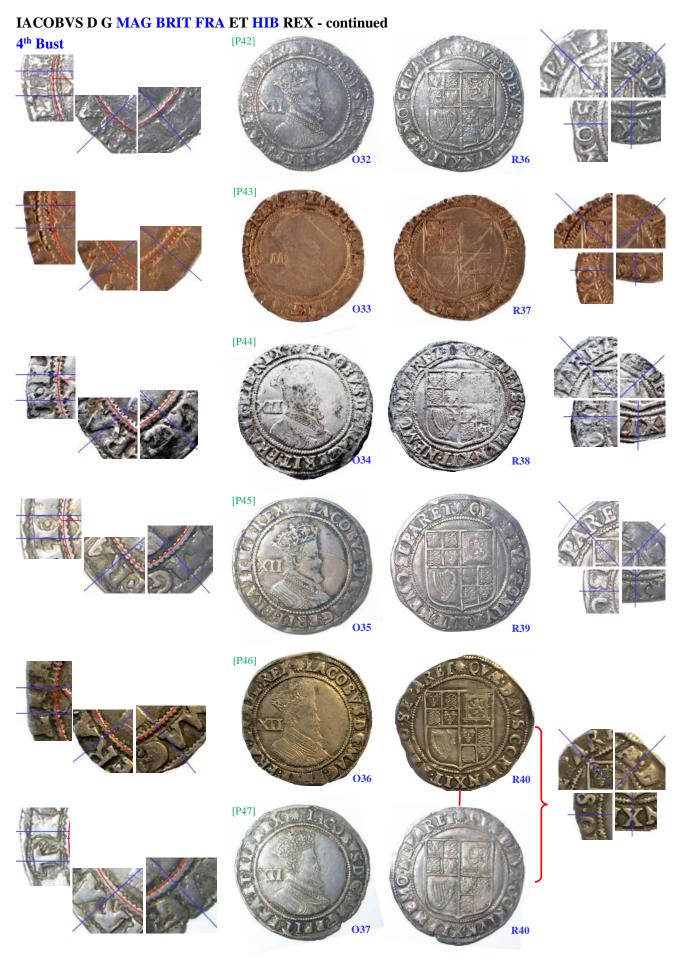




IACOBVS D G MAG BRIT FRA ET HIB REX - continued







Sources of Images and Acknowledgements

The following are thanked for the use of their images:

Ashmolean Museum	[P17]	British Museum	[P33]	eBay
Ashmolean Museum	[P18]	eBay	[P34]	eBay
British Museum	[P19]	eBay	[P35]	eBay
British Museum	[P20]	Private Collection	[P36]	Fitzwilliam Museum
eBay	[P21]	Brittonum Coins	[P37]	British Museum
Private Collection	[P22]	eBay	[P38]	eBay
PAS LANCUMD5D3FB	[P23]	eBay	[P39]	Private Collection
Fitzwilliam Museum	[P24]	eBay	[P40]	eBay
PAS LANCUMD5D3FB	[P25]	eBay	[P41]	eBay
eBay	[P26]	British Museum	[P42]	Private Collection
British Museum	[P27]	Fitzwilliam, Museum	[P43]	www
Brittonum Coins	[P28]	eBay	[P44]	eBay
eBay	[P29]	eBay	[P45]	Private Collection
eBay	[P30]	eBay	[P46]	Private Collection
eBay	[P31]	Private Collection	[P47]	Private Collection
Private Collection	[P32]	eBay		
	Ashmolean Museum British Museum British Museum eBay Private Collection PAS LANCUMD5D3FB Fitzwilliam Museum PAS LANCUMD5D3FB eBay British Museum Brittonum Coins eBay eBay eBay	Ashmolean Museum [P18] British Museum [P20] eBay [P21] Private Collection [P22] PAS LANCUMD5D3FB [P23] Fitzwilliam Museum [P24] PAS LANCUMD5D3FB [P25] eBay [P26] British Museum [P27] Brittonum Coins [P28] eBay [P29] eBay [P30] eBay [P31]	Ashmolean Museum British Museum British Museum British Museum British Museum EBay EBay EBay EP20 Frivate Collection EBay PAS LANCUMD5D3FB Fitzwilliam Museum EP24 EBay PAS LANCUMD5D3FB EP25 EBay EP26 EBay EP27 Eitzwilliam, Museum Brittsh Museum EP27 Eitzwilliam, Museum EP28 EBay EBay	Ashmolean Museum [P18] eBay [P34] British Museum [P19] eBay [P35] British Museum [P20] Private Collection [P36] eBay [P21] Brittonum Coins [P37] Private Collection [P22] eBay [P38] PAS LANCUMD5D3FB [P23] eBay [P39] Fitzwilliam Museum [P24] eBay [P40] PAS LANCUMD5D3FB [P25] eBay [P41] eBay [P26] British Museum [P42] British Museum [P27] Fitzwilliam, Museum [P42] British Museum [P27] Fitzwilliam, Museum [P43] Brittonum Coins [P28] eBay [P44] eBay [P29] eBay [P45] eBay [P30] eBay [P45] eBay [P46] eBay [P31] Private Collection [P47]

Thanks to David Holt, Nigel Prevost, and members of the English Hammered and Early Milled Coin Collectors Group on Facebook for providing images: Iain Davidson, Colin Gower and Tim Cook.

Also thanks to Tom Hockenhull and the team at the British Museum for allowing pictures to be taken of their pieces, and Martin Allen and Richard Kelleher at the Fitzwilliam for the same. Thanks also to the vendors listed above who have been found whilst trawling the internet for images.

Discussion and Conclusions

On 30th June 1607 there was £75 0s 10d of silver at the trial of the pyx, representing coins struck during the previous year, since 10th July 1606.

Several of the dies possibly show the mintmark Scallop over struck on the previous mintmark, Rose (09, 016/R18, 022/R25, 026 and 029). However the circular element under the Scallop may be part of the Scallop design itself. Just one significant die sinker's error has been found with SSEPARET on R5. Also R9 has A over P (or R) in SEPARET.

With just 46 specimens struck from 37 obverse and 40 reverse dies, and just 1 die pair duplicate, this is already suggesting that the sample is very small and the statistics poor. The table below presents the usual statistical analysis for shillings with mintmark Scallop.

		Obverse	Reverse
Sample size	n	48	48
Number of dies	d	37	40
Singletons	d_1	31	34
2 examples	d_2	2	4
3 examples	d_3	3	2
4 examples	d_4	1	
5 examples	d_5		
6 examples	d_6		
Coverage	Cest	0.35	0.29
	d-	80	101
Estimated dies	d_{est}	148	195
	d_{+}	293	423

Table 1. Die statistics of the James I shillings, second issue, mintmark Scallop.

Thus we might expect 148 obverse and 195 reverse dies, though the poor coverage means that this estimate could be out by a factor of two either way!